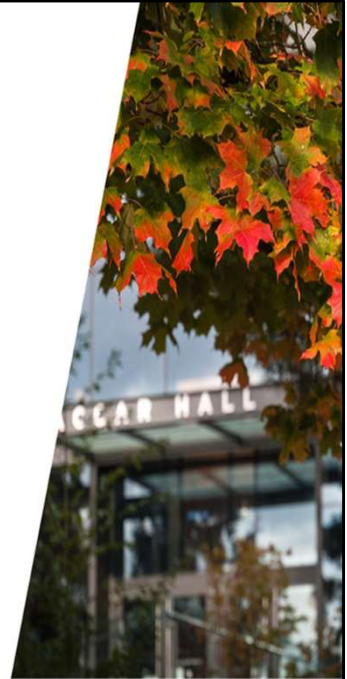




INTRO TO EXTRACTING, TRANSFORMING AND LOADING DATA

ACCTG 522
Class 2



Welcome!

Class Agenda

- Review and ETL Overview
- ETL Cases in the FSB Remote Labs
- Conclusion and look ahead

Review: ETL Overview

The Analytical Mindset

The Analytical Mindset is defined as the ability to work with data to apply appropriate analytics and interpret and share insight with stakeholders.

Why do we care about Data Quality?

Analytics quality (and insight) is driven by data quality.

Garbage in = Garbage Out !



Why do we care about Extract, Transform & Load (ETL)?

The Extract, Transform & Load or ETL Process is the **first task required to complete the analytical process.**

- In most cases, data required for the analytical process is stored in a database and must be **extracted** from that database and **loaded** into analytics software.

Why do we care about Extract, Transform & Load (ETL)?

In most cases, the data will also have to be transformed, or **modified** to apply analytics tools

- this can include **calculating** additional variables (like multiplying price and quantity to get sales),
- **cleaning** the data due to differences in formatting,
- **preparing** and **joining** datasets,
- and **transposing** or **pivoting** the data.

Identifying data issues

Revision.

There are 9 data quality issues with the file:

- Identify the issues and why
- Propose how they could be solved

File Edit Format View Help

```
Ticker,Name,Year,Cash,Accounts Receivables,Inventories>Total Current Assets>Total Depreciation
AAL,American Airlines Group Inc.,2016,3220000000,"1,600,000,000",1094000000,10300,(14200000000)
AAL,American Airlines Group Inc.,2017,2950000000,"1,800,000,000",1359000000,9100,(15600000000)
AAL,American Airlines Group Inc.,2018,2750000000,"1,700,000,000",1522000000,8600,(17400000000)
AAPL,Apple, Inc.,2016,20500 M,"15,800,000,000",2100000000,106900,(34200000000)
AAPL,Apple, Inc.,2017,20300 M,"17,900,000,000",4900000000,128600,(41300000000)
AAPL,Apple, Inc.,2018,25900 M,"23,200,000,000",4000000000,131300,(49100000000)
ACY,Aerocentury Corp.,2016,2200000,4000000,0,6,-23000000
ACY,Aerocentury Corp.,2017,8700000,3800000,-,12,-14600000
ACY,Aerocentury Corp.,2018,1500000,4000000,0,5,-14700000
AEHR,Aehr Test Systems,2016,900 K,"500,000",7000000,9,-5700000
AEHR,Aehr Test Systems,2017,17800 K,"4,000,000",6600000,29,-6000000
AEHR,Aehr Test Systems,2018,16800 K,"2,900,000",9000000,29,-6400000
,Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.,2016,21900000,"15,100,000",,0,-139600000
,Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.,2017,19900000,"15,700,000",,0,-164500000
,Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.,2018,21300000,"19,100,000",-,0,-188800000
AMZN,Amazon.com Inc.,2016,19330000000,8340000000,11500000000,45780,(13330000000)
A M Z N,Amazon.com Inc.,2017,31750000000,16680000000,17170000000,162650,(33970000000)
AM ZN,Amazon.com Inc.,2018,20520000000,13160000000,16050000000,60200,(23790000000)
APVO,Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.,2016,9700 K,"4300000",6600000,71,(6600000)
APVO,Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.,2017,7100 K,"2100000",1000000,95,(7500000)
APVO,Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.,2018,30600 K,"5200000",1800000,49,(8700000)
APVO,Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.,2018,30600 K,"5200000",1800000,49,(8700000)|
```

File	Edit	Format	View	Help			
Ticker	Name	Year	Cash	Accounts Receivables	Inventories	Total Current Assets	Total Depreciation
AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2016	3220000000	"1,600,000,000"	1094000000	10300	(1420000000)
AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2017	2950000000	"1,800,000,000"	1359000000	9100	(1560000000)
AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2018	2750000000	"1,700,000,000"	1522000000	8600	(1740000000)
AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2016	20500 M	"15,800,000,000"	2100000000	106900	(3420000000)
AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2017	20300 M	"17,900,000,000"	4900000000	128600	(4130000000)
AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2018	25900 M	"23,200,000,000"	4000000000	131300	(4910000000)
ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2016	2200000	4000000	0	6	-23000000
ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2017	8700000	3800000	-	12	-14600000
ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2018	1500000	4000000	0	5	-14700000
AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2016	900 K	"500,000"	7000000	9	-5700000
AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K	"4,000,000"	6600000	29	-6000000
AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2018	16800 K	"2,900,000"	9000000	29	-6400000
	Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.	2016	21900000	"15,100,000"	0	-	139600000
	Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.	2017	19900000	"15,700,000"	0	-	164500000
	Armada Hoffler Properties Inc.	2018	21300000	"19,100,000"	-	0	-188800000
AMZN	Amazon.com Inc.	2016	19330000000	8340000000	11500000000	45780	(13330000000)
A M Z N	Amazon.com Inc.	2017	31750000000	16680000000	17170000000	162650	(33970000000)
AM ZN	Amazon.com Inc.	2018	20520000000	13160000000	16050000000	60200	(23790000000)
APVO	Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.	2016	9700 K	"4300000"	6600000	71	(6600000)
APVO	Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.	2017	7100 K	"2100000"	1000000	95	(7500000)
APVO	Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.	2018	30600 K	"5200000"	1800000	49	(8700000)
APVO	Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.	2018	30600 K	"5200000"	1800000	49	(8700000)

- Apple has a comma in its name, Apple, Inc., but the name does not have a text qualifier.
- Armada Hoffler Properties Inc. is missing the ticker symbol.
- The ticker for Amazon.com Inc. (AMZN) has spaces in some instances, but not in others.
- Aptevo Therapeutics Inc. has a duplicate row of information.
- For the Cash category:
 - Apple, Inc.'s cash is listed in millions using a number, followed by a space and an M.
 - Aehr Test Systems' cash is listed in thousands

- using a number, followed by a space and a K.
- Aptevo Therapeutics Inc.'s cash is listed in thousands using a number, followed by a space and a K.
 - For Accounts Receivables, some amounts are shown as text and include commas in the number (commas within a text qualifier are appropriate, but this is important to note for purposes of loading the data).
 - For Inventories, null values are displayed in various forms as text, including a zero, a blank, a hyphen (-), a hyphen with spaces or a space.
 - For Total Current Assets, none of the amounts are listed in millions.
 - For Depreciation, some numbers use parentheses for credits (or negatives) and others use a minus sign.

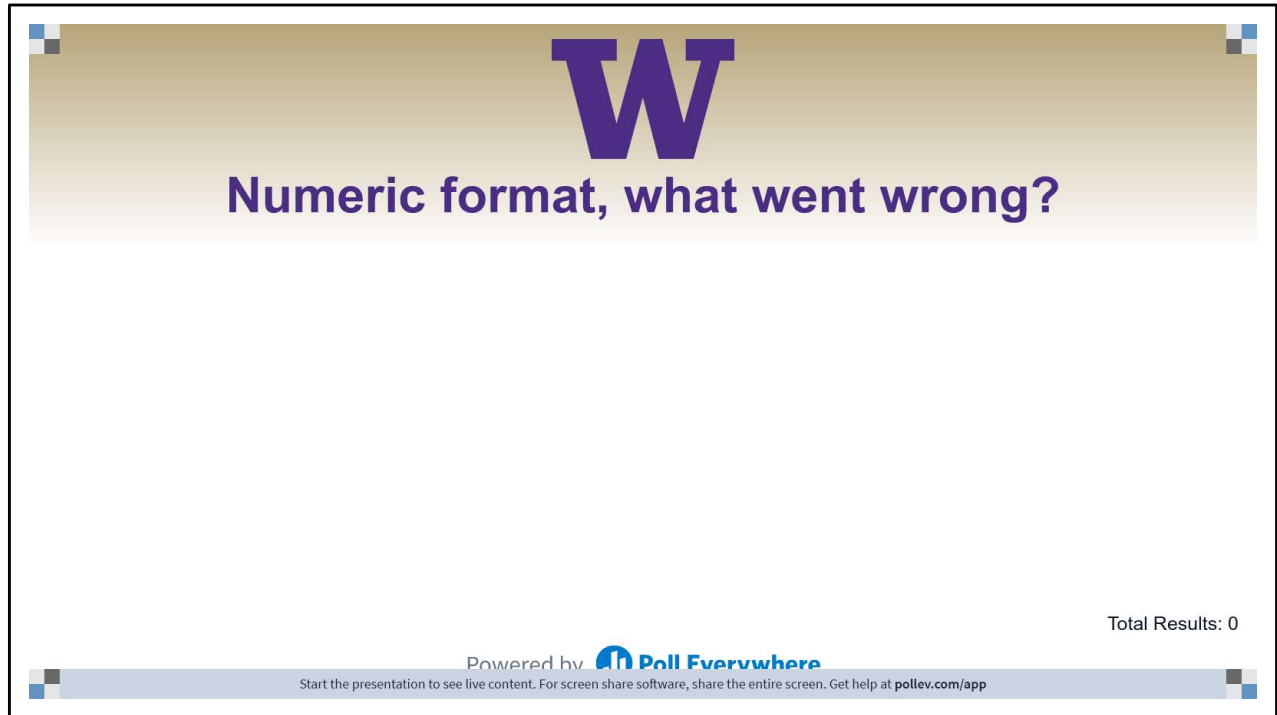
ETL Cases in the FSB

Remote Labs

Revision – Data Quality

Open discussion (2 mins with classmate)

One lesson from the formatting exercise we undertook was that we need to be careful with converting string variables to numbers – what went wrong?

A presentation slide with a gold gradient header. At the top center is a large purple letter 'W'. Below it, the text 'Numeric format, what went wrong?' is displayed in a bold, dark purple font. The main body of the slide is white and empty. At the bottom, there is a light blue footer bar. On the right side of the footer, it says 'Total Results: 0'. In the center of the footer, it says 'Powered by Poll Everywhere' with the Poll Everywhere logo. Below that, in smaller text, it says 'Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app'.

W

Numeric format, what went wrong?

Total Results: 0

Powered by **Poll Everywhere**

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app

Poll Title: Do not modify the notes in this section to avoid tampering with the Poll Everywhere activity.

More info at polleverywhere.com/support

Numeric format, what went wrong?

https://www.polleverywhere.com/free_text_polls/r2W3O8apKA9FaBriBMSHa

Revision – Data Quality

Alteryx Designer x64 - Class1Demoynd.yxdm*

File Edit View Options Help

Search for tools, help, and resources...

Favorites Recommended In/Out Preparation Join Parse Transform In-Database Reporting Documentation Spatial Machine Learning Test ML

Browse Input Data Output Data Text Input Data Cleansing Filter Formula Sample Select Sort Join Union Text To Columns Summarize Comment

Input Data (1) - Configuration

Connect a File or Database

U:\ACCTG522\class1\input\Analytics_mindset_case_studies_ETL_Cas

Set Up a Connection

Use Data Connection Manager (DCM)

Options

Name	Value
Record Limit	
File Format	Comma Se
Search SubDirs	

Preview (first 100 records)

Ticker	Name	Year	Cash
1 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2016	322000000
2 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2017	295000000
3 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2018	275000000
4 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2016	20500 M
5 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2017	20300 M
6 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2018	25900 M
7 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2016	2200000
8 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2017	8700000
9 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2018	1500000
10 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2016	900 K
11 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K
12 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2018	14800 K
13 [Null]	Armada Hoffer Properties Inc.	2016	21900000

Class1Demoynd.yxdm*

Analytics mindset case studies ETL Case1.csv

Cash = ToNumber (t.Cash)

CleanTickerIndex.csv

Results - Input Data (1) - Output

8 of 8 Fields 22 records displayed

Record	Ticker	Name	Year	Cash	Accounts Receivables	Inventories	To
1	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2016	322000000	1,600,000,000	1094000000	10
2	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2017	295000000	1,800,000,000	1359000000	91
3	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2018	275000000	1,700,000,000	1522000000	86
4	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2016	20500 M	15,800,000,000	2100000000	10
5	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2017	20300 M	17,900,000,000	4900000000	12
6	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2018	25900 M	23,200,000,000	4000000000	13
7	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2016	2200000	4000000	0	6
8	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2017	8700000	3800000	0	12
9	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2018	1500000	4000000	0	5
10	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2016	900 K	500,000	7000000	9
11	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K	4,000,000	6600000	29
12	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2018	14800 K	2,900,000	9000000	29
13	[Null]	Armada Hoffer Properties Inc.	2016	21900000	15,100,000	[Null]	0

Alternative – Data Quality

Alteryx Designer x64 - Class1Demoynd.yxdm*

File Edit View Options Help

Search for tools, help, and resources...

Favorites Recommended In/Out Preparation Join Parse Transform In-Database Reporting Documentation Spatial Machine Learning Test M...

Input Data (1) - Configuration

Connect a File or Database

U:\ACCTG522\class1\input\Analytics_mindset_case_studies_ETL_Cas...

Set Up a Connection

Use Data Connection Manager (DCM)

Options

Name	Value
1 Record Limit	
2 File Format	Comma Se...
3 Search SubDirs	

Preview (first 100 records)

Ticker	Name	Year	Cash
1 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2016	322000000
2 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2017	295000000
3 AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2018	275000000
4 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2016	25500 M
5 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2017	20300 M
6 AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2018	25900 M
7 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2016	2200000
8 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2017	8700000
9 ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2018	1500000
10 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2016	900 K
11 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K
12 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2018	14800 K
13 AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K

Class1Demoynd.yxdm*

Analytics mindset case studies ETL Case1.csv

Cash = ToNumber([Cash])

NumericCash = ToNumber(Cash)*1000000

CleanTickerIndex.csv

“Clean ticker file”
Join by Company Name

Results - Input Data (1) - Output

8 of 8 Fields 22 records displayed

Record	Ticker	Name	Year	Cash	Accounts Receivables	Inventories	To
1	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2016	322000000	1,600,000,000	1094000000	10
2	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2017	295000000	1,800,000,000	1399000000	91
3	AAL	American Airlines Group Inc.	2018	275000000	1,700,000,000	1522000000	86
4	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2016	25500 M	15,800,000,000	2100000000	10
5	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2017	20300 M	17,900,000,000	4900000000	12
6	AAPL	Apple, Inc.	2018	25900 M	23,200,000,000	4000000000	13
7	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2016	2200000	4000000	0	6
8	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2017	8700000	3800000	0	12
9	ACY	Aerocentury Corp.	2018	1500000	4000000	0	5
10	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2016	900 K	500,000	7000000	9
11	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2017	17800 K	4,000,000	6600000	29
12	AEHR	Aehr Test Systems	2018	14800 K	2,900,000	9000000	29
13	[Null]	Armada Hoffer Properties Inc.	2016	21900000	15,100,000	[Null]	0

ETL Cases

Our first ETL case “Text Extraction and Unique Identifiers” we will:

- Prepare data for a join by “Location-PlantID”
- The information is in “EmployeeCode”

Results - Input Data (5) - Output

3 of 3 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName
	JAP1080-19M	Carl	Rodriguez
	AUS1241-21M	Anne	Wright
	AUS1297-21M	Patrick	Rivera
	GER1332-21W	Ruby	Walker
	GER1202-10M	Teresita	Guillen
	ARG1028-20M	Earl	Morgan
	CAN1344-19W	Joella	Causey
	JAP1248-24W	Gregg	Kelly
	ARG1279-10W	William	Reed
1	ENG1198-23W	Julia	Johnson
1	AUS1435-21M	Tonya	Ruiz
1	ARG1094-14M	Wayne	Howard

5 new output fields

Results - Output Data (18) - Input

8 of 8 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName	Location	EmpID	PlantID	PayPeriod	LocPlantID
1	JAP1080-19M	Carl	Rodriguez	JAP	1080	19	M	JAP-19
2	AUS1241-21M	Anne	Wright	AUS	1241	21	M	AUS-21
3	AUS1297-21M	Patrick	Rivera	AUS	1297	21	M	AUS-21
4	GER1332-21W	Ruby	Walker	GER	1332	21	W	GER-21
5	GER1202-10M	Teresita	Guillen	GER	1202	10	M	GER-10
6	ARG1028-20M	Earl	Morgan	ARG	1028	20	M	ARG-20
7	CAN1344-19W	Joella	Causey	CAN	1344	19	W	CAN-19
8	JAP1248-24W	Gregg	Kelly	JAP	1248	24	W	JAP-24
9	ARG1279-10W	William	Reed	ARG	1279	10	W	ARG-10
10	ENG1198-23W	Julia	Johnson	ENG	1198	23	W	ENG-23
11	AUS1435-21M	Tonya	Ruiz	AUS	1435	21	M	AUS-21
12	ARG1094-14M	Wayne	Howard	ARG	1094	14	M	ARG-14

ETL Cases

Our second ETL case “Advanced ETL Text Extraction and Unique Identifiers” we will:

- Prepare data for a join by “Location-PlantID”
- The information is in “EmployeeCode”
- But this time, clean the “EmployeeCode” as it is **messy!**

Results - Input Data (1) - Output

3 of 3 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName
14	Canada342-9W	Sean	Morgan
15	US476-10W	Julie	Johnson
16	MEX93-5M	Samuel	Perry
17	ENG442-9Mo	Jarrold	Beckett
18	Canada17-7W	Lillian	Nelson
19	ARG559-10W	Delfina	Brandon
20	ENG389-10W	Shaun	Jacobs
21	MEX121-11W	Theresa	Barnes
22	ENG489-12W	Stephen	Powell
23	AUS88-10W	Queenie	Thibodeau
24	AUS455-3W	Juan	King
25	AUS491-13M	Laureen	Varney
26	ENG193-10Mo	Anthony	Griffin
27	ARG508-14W	Olga	Rowe

5 new output fields again

Results - Output Data (4) - Input

8 of 8 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName	Location	EmplID	PlantID	PayPeriod	LocationPlantID
14	Canada342-9W	Sean	Morgan	CAN	342	9	W	CAN-9
15	US476-10W	Julie	Johnson	USA	476	10	W	USA-10
16	MEX93-5M	Samuel	Perry	MEX	93	5	M	MEX-5
17	ENG442-9Mo	Jarrold	Beckett	ENG	442	9	M	ENG-9
18	Canada17-7W	Lillian	Nelson	CAN	17	7	W	CAN-7
19	ARG559-10W	Delfina	Brandon	ARG	559	10	W	ARG-10
20	ENG389-10W	Shaun	Jacobs	ENG	389	10	W	ENG-10
21	MEX121-11W	Theresa	Barnes	MEX	121	11	W	MEX-11
22	ENG489-12W	Stephen	Powell	ENG	489	12	W	ENG-12
23	AUS88-10W	Queenie	Thibodeau	AUS	88	10	W	AUS-10
24	AUS455-3W	Juan	King	AUS	455	3	W	AUS-3
25	AUS491-13M	Laureen	Varney	AUS	491	13	M	AUS-13
26	ENG193-10Mo	Anthony	Griffin	ENG	193	10	M	ENG-10
27	ARG508-14W	Olga	Rowe	ARG	508	14	W	ARG-14

Why Alteryx?

Alteryx is cutting-edge software that is excellent for the ETL process.

Working with cutting-edge software allows you to:

- Become adaptable and resilient to new software.
- Impress recruiters with practical discussions of cutting-edge software.

To FSB remote labs

We will use **Alteryx on the FSB remote labs** to solve both cases.

I recommend **saving screenshots** of your work in Alteryx (I've added blank slides if you want to save them in this ppt document, ctrl+m adds more slides)

The Tools We will use:



[Input Data Tool | Alteryx Help](#)



[Text To Columns Tool | Alteryx Help](#)



[Formula Tool | Alteryx Help](#)



[RegEx Tool | Alteryx Help](#)



[Output Data Tool | Alteryx Help](#)

Lab Agenda

1. Solve ETL Case 2
2. Discussion of ETL strategy for messy ETL Case 3 (find the inconsistencies)
3. Solve ETL Case 3

Results - Input Data (5) - Output

3 of 3 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName
	JAP1080-19M	Carl	Rodriguez
	AUS1241-21M	Anne	Wright
	AUS1297-21M	Patrick	Rivera
	GER1332-21W	Ruby	Walker
	GER1202-10M	Teresita	Guillen
	ARG1028-20M	Earl	Morgan
	CAN1344-19W	Joella	Causey
	JAP1248-24W	Gregg	Kelly
	ARG1279-10W	William	Reed
1	ENG1198-23W	Julia	Johnson
1	AUS1435-21M	Tonya	Ruiz
1	ARG1094-14M	Wayne	Howard

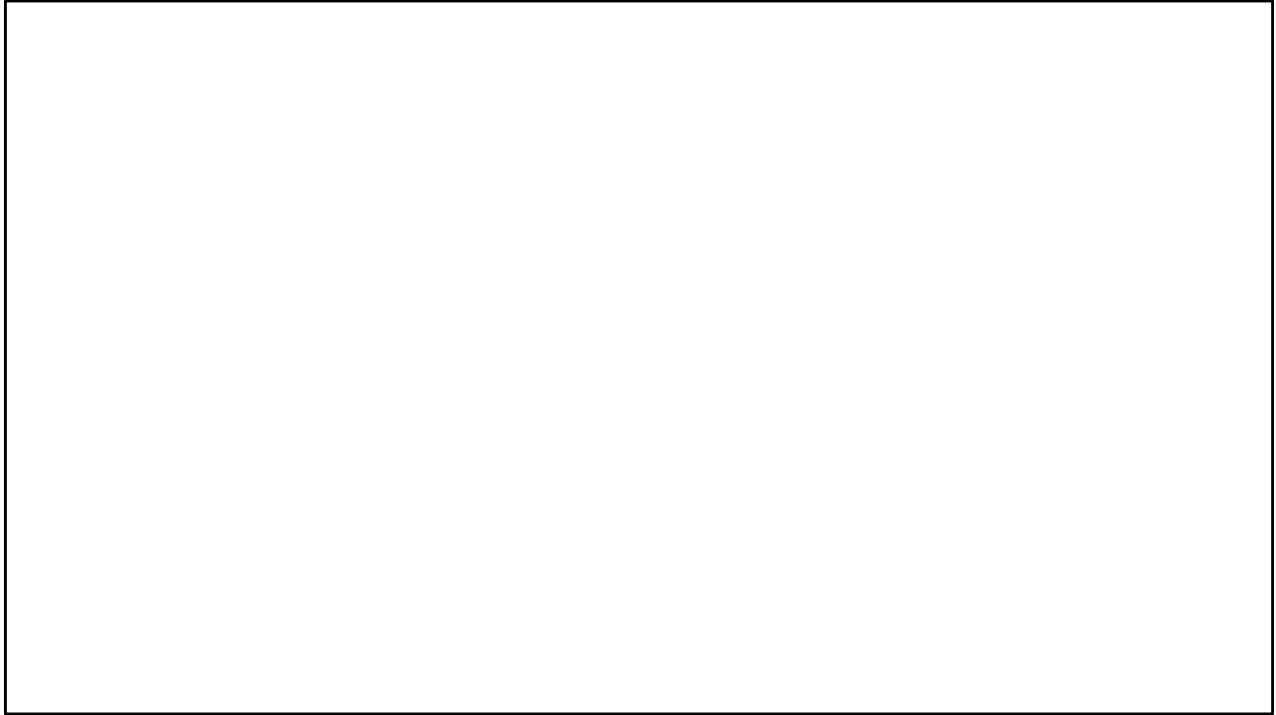
Discuss your Case 1 strategy to get from the input to the output

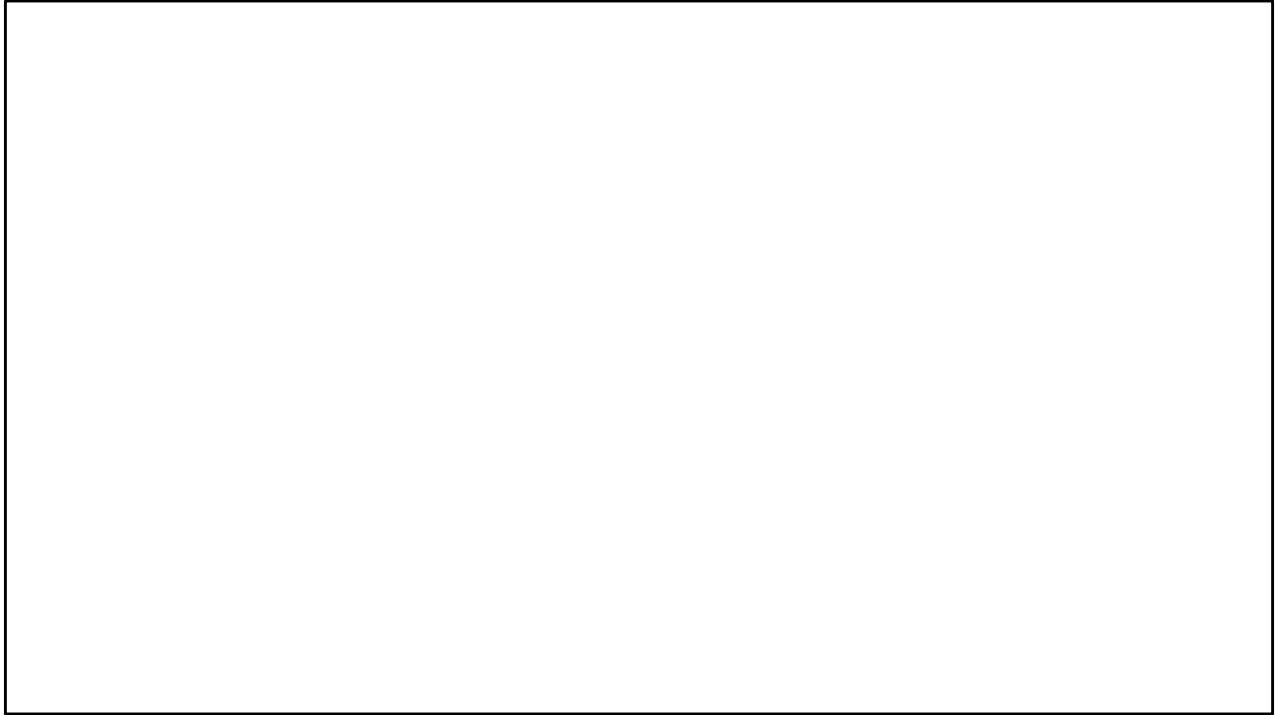
5 new output fields

Results - Output Data (18) - Input

8 of 8 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName	Location	EmpID	PlantID	PayPeriod	LocPlantID
1	JAP1080-19M	Carl	Rodriguez	JAP	1080	19	M	JAP-19
2	AUS1241-21M	Anne	Wright	AUS	1241	21	M	AUS-21
3	AUS1297-21M	Patrick	Rivera	AUS	1297	21	M	AUS-21
4	GER1332-21W	Ruby	Walker	GER	1332	21	W	GER-21
5	GER1202-10M	Teresita	Guillen	GER	1202	10	M	GER-10
6	ARG1028-20M	Earl	Morgan	ARG	1028	20	M	ARG-20
7	CAN1344-19W	Joella	Causey	CAN	1344	19	W	CAN-19
8	JAP1248-24W	Gregg	Kelly	JAP	1248	24	W	JAP-24
9	ARG1279-10W	William	Reed	ARG	1279	10	W	ARG-10
10	ENG1198-23W	Julia	Johnson	ENG	1198	23	W	ENG-23
11	AUS1435-21M	Tonya	Ruiz	AUS	1435	21	M	AUS-21
12	ARG1094-14M	Wayne	Howard	ARG	1094	14	M	ARG-14





Results - Input Data (1) - Output

3 of 3 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName
14	Canada342-9W	Sean	Morgan
15	US476-10W	Julie	Johnson
16	MEX93-5M	Samuel	Perry
17	ENG442-9Mo	Jarrold	Beckett
18	Canada17-7W	Lillian	Nelson
19	ARG559-10W	Delfina	Brandon
20	ENG389-10W	Shaun	Jacobs
21	MEX121-11W	Theresa	Barnes
22	ENG489-12W	Stephen	Powell
23	AUS88-10W	Queenie	Thibodeau
24	AUS455-3W	Juan	King
25	AUS491-13M	Laureen	Varney
26	ENG193-10Mo	Anthony	Griffin
27	ARG508-14W	Olga	Rowe

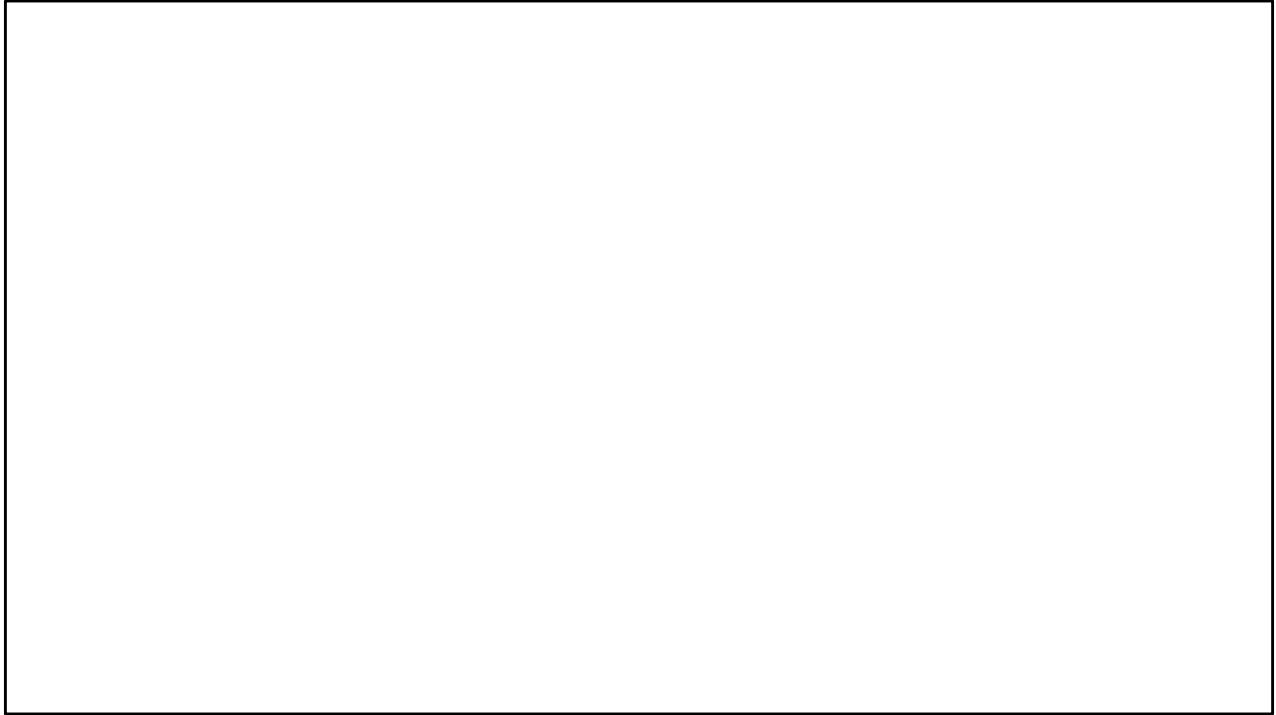
Discuss your Case 2 strategy to get from the input to the output
Make a note of the inconsistencies in the input file

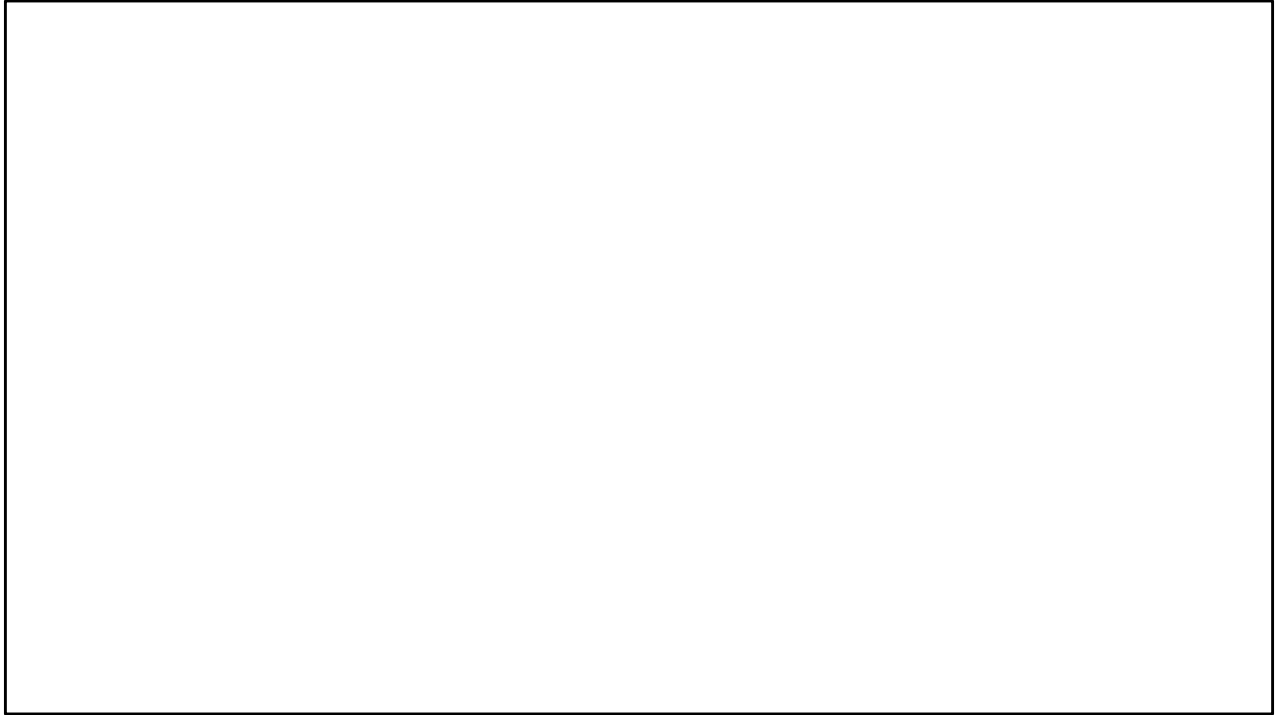
5 new output fields again

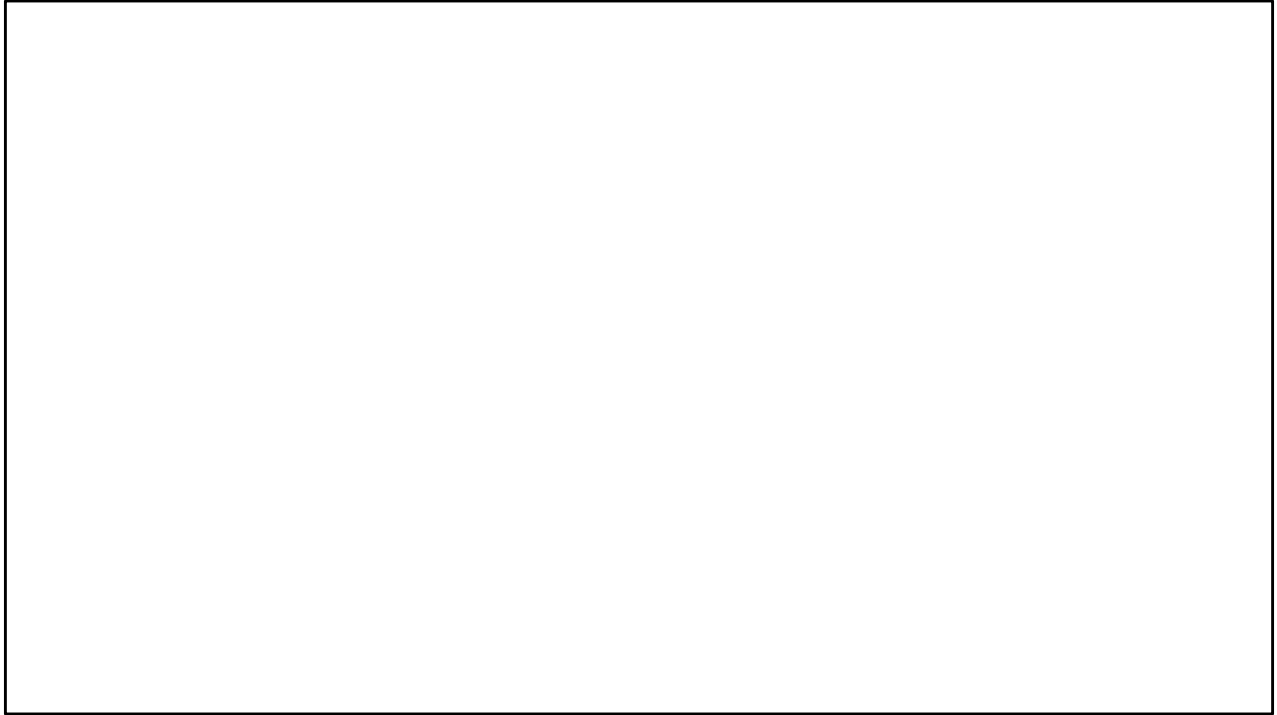
Results - Output Data (4) - Input

8 of 8 Fields | Cell Viewer | 597 records displayed

Record	EmployeeCode	FirstName	LastName	Location	EmplID	PlantID	PayPeriod	LocationPlantID
14	Canada342-9W	Sean	Morgan	CAN	342	9	W	CAN-9
15	US476-10W	Julie	Johnson	USA	476	10	W	USA-10
16	MEX93-5M	Samuel	Perry	MEX	93	5	M	MEX-5
17	ENG442-9Mo	Jarrold	Beckett	ENG	442	9	M	ENG-9
18	Canada17-7W	Lillian	Nelson	CAN	17	7	W	CAN-7
19	ARG559-10W	Delfina	Brandon	ARG	559	10	W	ARG-10
20	ENG389-10W	Shaun	Jacobs	ENG	389	10	W	ENG-10
21	MEX121-11W	Theresa	Barnes	MEX	121	11	W	MEX-11
22	ENG489-12W	Stephen	Powell	ENG	489	12	W	ENG-12
23	AUS88-10W	Queenie	Thibodeau	AUS	88	10	W	AUS-10
24	AUS455-3W	Juan	King	AUS	455	3	W	AUS-3
25	AUS491-13M	Laureen	Varney	AUS	491	13	M	AUS-13
26	ENG193-10Mo	Anthony	Griffin	ENG	193	10	M	ENG-10
27	ARG508-14W	Olga	Rowe	ARG	508	14	W	ARG-14







Extra RegEx examples

Dates:

- Invoice Date: 03/15/2025
- Payment Due: 04/14/2025

Invoices:

- INV-100234
- INV-567890
- Reference: INV-456

Extra RegEx examples

Firm Identifiers:

- CIK: 0000320193
- Ticker: TSLA
- Ticker: AAPL

Matching dollar amounts and accounts:

- Total: \$12,450.00
- Late Fee: \$25
- Refund: (\$1,200)

Extra RegEx examples

Phone numbers, email, credit card numbers:

- 206-123-4567
- real_person@example.com
- Potential fraud detected: 4532-9876-1234-5678

ETL Cases, Continued

Today we will examine “Joining Data”:

- Joining data is another **fundamental step** in the ETL process, as in most cases, developing insight will require data from different databases.
- Joining data can sometimes be referred to as merging data, blending data, or combining data.

Why is joining data important?

Joining data is part of the transforming step in ETL.

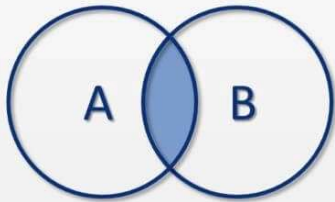
- Incorrect joins are a **data quality issue**, incorrect joins can:
 - **crash** (or really slow down) our programs!
 - have us **lose** important data.
 - Have us generate **incorrect conclusions/insight** from our analysis.

Joining using unique keys

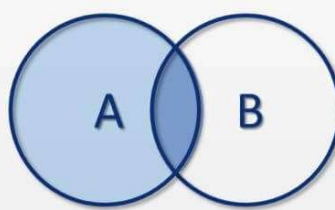
In all cases we will use unique keys to join the data.

- All the unique keys are described in the case
- One of them was tricky, can you remember which one?

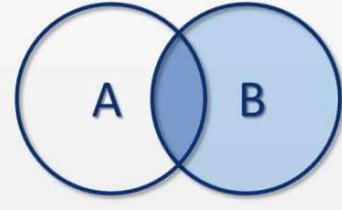
INNER JOIN



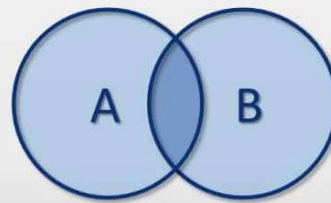
OUTER JOIN



LEFT

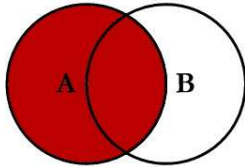


RIGHT

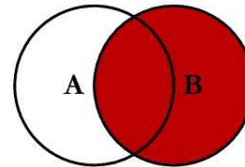


FULL

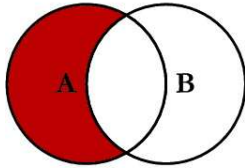
SQL JOINS



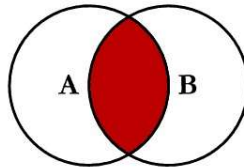
```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
LEFT JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
```



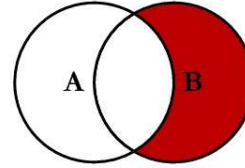
```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
RIGHT JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
```



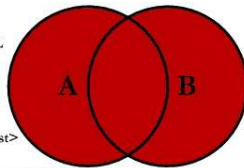
```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
LEFT JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
WHERE B.Key IS NULL
```



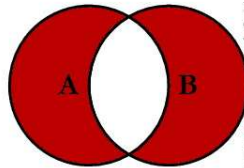
```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
INNER JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
```



```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
RIGHT JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
WHERE A.Key IS NULL
```



```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
FULL OUTER JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
```



```
SELECT <select_list>
FROM TableA A
FULL OUTER JOIN TableB B
ON A.Key = B.Key
WHERE A.Key IS NULL
OR B.Key IS NULL
```

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Joining using unique keys

In all joins we will use “one to many” matches.

- Joining the large information source (“JELinItems”) to the smaller set of information in the other data sheets.

Why join across multiple software?

Because joining data is so fundamental, we want to work towards becoming software agnostic.

Working with cutting-edge software allows you to:

- Become adaptable and resilient to **new software**.
- Impress recruiters with practical discussions of cutting-edge software.

The tools we will use:

Alteryx Joins:

Join (1) - Configuration

☐ Join by Record Position

☒ Join by Specific Fields

Left Right

Options TIP: To reorder multiple rows: select, right-click and drag.

	Input	Field	Type	Size	Rename	Description
☒		*Unknown	Unknown	0		Dynamic or Unknown Fields



Tableau Relationships

⊞ JELinItems+ (Analytics_mindset_case_studies_ET...

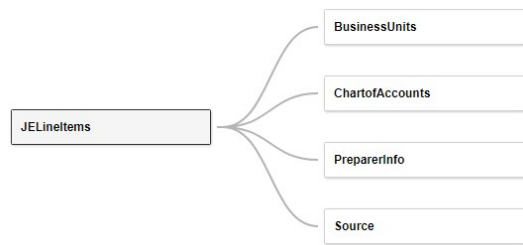
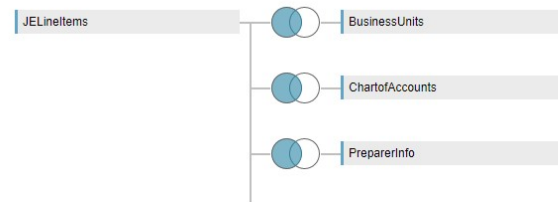
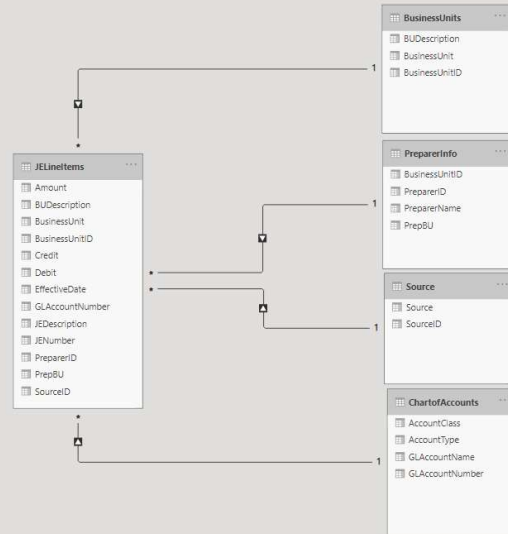


Tableau Joins

JELineItems is made of 5 tables. ⓘ



Power BI Data Relationships



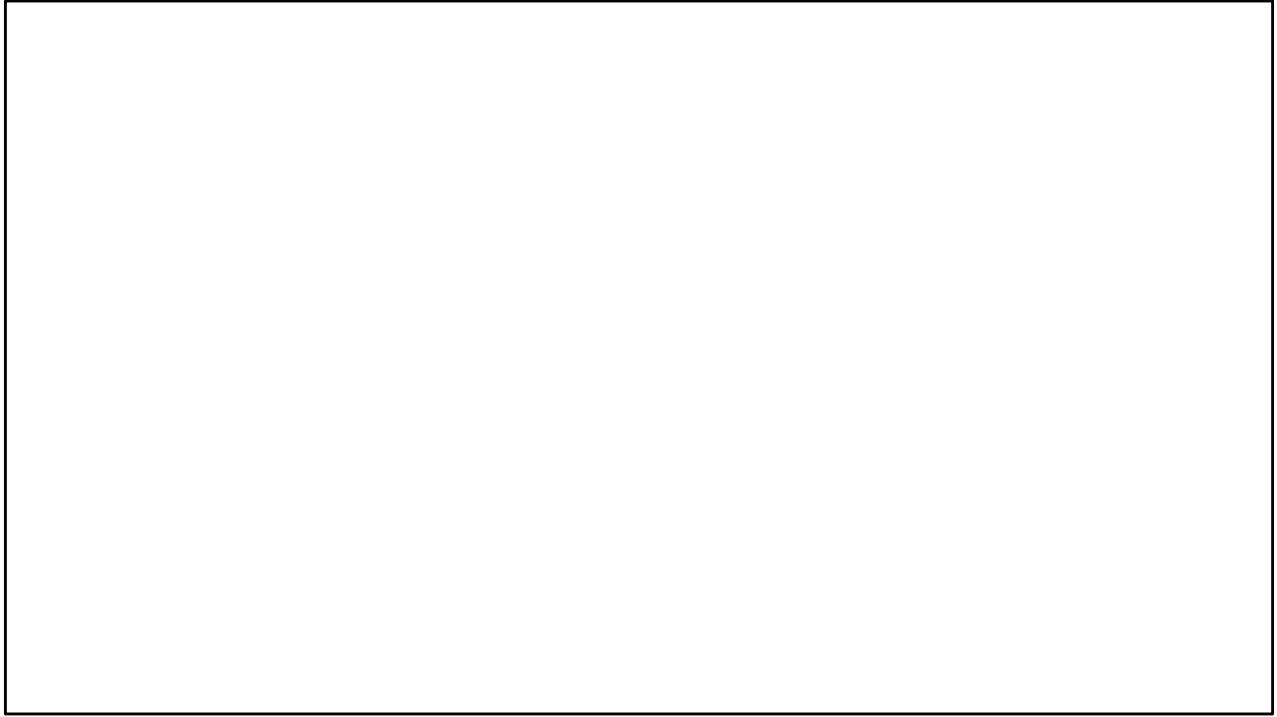
To FSB remote labs

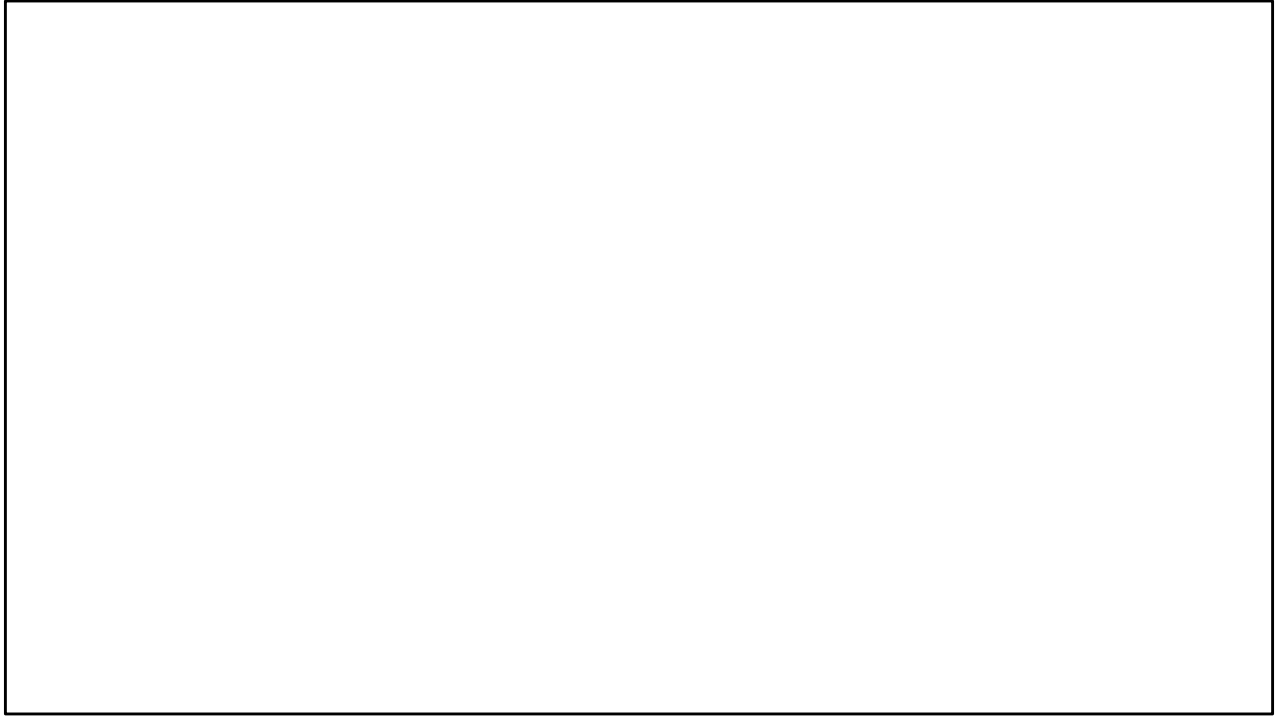
We will begin in [Alteryx](#).

Again I recommend **saving screenshots** of your work in Alteryx (I've added blank slides if you want to save them in this ppt document, ctrl+m adds more slides)

Lab Agenda

1. Case Demonstration in Alteryx
2. Then in Tableau (time permitting)
3. Then in Power BI (time permitting)





Conclusion and look-ahead

ETL is the first step in the analytical process – we cannot undertake data analytics without data!

ETL is especially important when the data needs to be cleaned or transformed for use in analytics.

Conclusion and look-ahead

Wednesday:

- Cases: Enron Emails Case – RegEx Heavy

Thank you and Congratulations!

